

RECLAMATION

Managing Water in the West



Suisun Marsh at Sunset

The Suisun Marsh, a part of the San Francisco Bay-Delta estuary ecosystem, is the largest marsh remaining in the west coast of Northern America. The marsh includes 52,000 acres of managed wetlands, 30,000 acres of bays and sloughs, 27,700 acres of uplands, and 6,300 acres of tidal wetlands. It serves as the resting and feeding ground for thousands of migrating waterfowl and provides habitat for more than 221 species of birds, 45 mammalian species, 16 different reptile and amphibian species, and more than 40 fish species. The marsh also provides habitat for 11 threatened or endangered species: the salt marsh harvest mouse, California clapper rail, California least tern, soft bird's beak, Suisun thistle, delta smelt, winter-run Chinook salmon, Central Valley spring-run Chinook salmon, Central Valley steelhead, Central California coast steelhead, and North American Green Sturgeon.

The Marsh's large open space makes it ideal for wildlife viewing (Red-tailed hawk, Mockingbird, Song sparrow, Great blue heron, Snowy egret, Mallard, Mourning dove, and Western sandpiper), hiking, canoeing, fishing (Striped bass, White catfish, Black crappie, King salmon, and Steelhead rainbow trout) and other recreational opportunities.

For more information on the Suisun Marsh, please visit:

<https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Regions/3/Suisun-Marsh/Atlas>

<http://suisunwildlife.org/>

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